DT 92 SERIES DIGITAL MULTIMETER

WARNING

READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING THE INSTRUMENT

Failure to understand and comply with the WARNINGS and operating instructions can result in serious or fatal injuries and/or property damage.

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WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, and to avoid possible damage to the meter or to the equipment under test, comply with the follow practices:

- meter or to the equipment of the meter if it is damaged. Before you use the meter, inspect the case.

 Pay particular attention to the insulation surrounding the connectors
- Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check the test leads for continuity. Replace damaged test leads before you use the meter.
- Do not use the meter if it operates abnormally. Protection may be impaired. When in doubt, have the meter serviced.
- Do not operate the meter around explosive gas, vapor, or dust
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage, as marked on the meter, between terminals or between any terminal and earth ground.
- Before use, verify the meter's operation by measuring a known voltage.
- When measuring current, turn off circuit power before connecting the meter in the circuit.
- When servicing the meter, use only specified replacement parts. Do not use the Meter in a manner not specified by this manual or the safety features of the Meter may be impaired.
- Use with caution when working above 30V ac rms, 42V peak, or 60V dc. Such voltages pose a shock hazard.
- When using the probes, keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probes.
- Connect the common test lead before you connect the live test lead. When you disconnect test leads, disconnect the live test lead first.
- Remove the test leads from the meter before you open the battery door.
- Do not operate the meter with the battery door or portions of the cover removed or loosened.
- → To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the batteries as soon as the low battery indicator ("⊕⊕") appears.

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATION

- Display: 3-½ digits LCD with a maximum reading of 1999. (Model DT9203A/DT9204A is 4-½ digit maximum reading of 19999.)
- Measurement rate: updates 2-3/sec.
- Over range indication: "1" figure only in the display
- Automatic negative polarity indication.
- The 's displayed when the battery voltage drops below the operating voltage.
- Full range over load protection.
- Capacitance measurement Auto-Zeroing.
- Auto Power Off: It will be automatically cut off in about 15 minutes after the power is turned on. It needs to be turned off and turned on again to continue the power.

- Operating temperature: 0°C~40°C, 0~75% R.H. Storage temperature: -10°C~50°C, 0~75% R.H.
- Power: Tow AAA1.5V battery.
- Dimensions: 191L*89W*35Hmm.
- Weight: approx 310g (including battery)
- Accessories: test leads (pair), K-type thermocouple wire (model DT9208A only), operator's manual.
- Safety Compliance: IEC 61010-1, 2000 CAT I 1000V overvoltage standards.

Overvoltage installation categories per IEC 61010-1, 2000: The Meter is designed to protect against transients in these categories:

CAT I From high-voltage low-energy sources, e.g., electronic circuits or a copy machine. CAT II From equipment supplied from the fixed installation, e.g., TVs, PCs, portable tools and household appliances.

CAT III From equipment in fixed equipment installations, e.g., installation panels, feeders and short branch circuits, and lighting systems in large buildings.

2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy is given as \pm (% of reading + number of least significant digits) for one year, at 23°C \pm 5°C RH<75%

1) DCV

Range	Resolution	Accurate
200mV	0.1mV	± (1%+5)
2V	1mV	± (0.8%+2)
20V	10m∨	± (0.8%+2)
200V	100m∨	± (0.8%+2)
1000∨	1∨	± (0.8%+5)

Input impedance: 10MΩ on all range

2) ACV

7104		
Range	Resolution	Accurate
200mV (9205 only)	0.1mV	± (1.2%+5)
2V	1mV	± (1%+5)
20V	10mV	± (1%+5)
200V	100mV	± (1%+5)
750V	1V	± (1.2%+5)
ut impodence 101	10	- (1,2,70.0)

Input impedance: 10MΩ

Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

B) DCA

Range	Resolution	Accurate
2mA	1uA	± (1.5%+5)
20mA	10uA	± (1.5%+5)
200mA	0.1mA	± (1.5%+5)
10A	0.1A	± (2.5%+5)

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV

4) AC

71071		
Range	Resolution	Accurate
2mA (9205 only)	1uA	± (1.8%+5)
20mA	10uA	± (1.8%+5)
200mA	0.1mA	± (2%+5)
10A	0.1A	± (2.5%+10)

Measuring voltage drop: 200mV

Frequency range: 40 ~ 400Hz

CAPACITANCE

CAPACITANCE		
Range	Resolution	Accurate
20nF	10pF	± (2.5%+5)
200nF	100pF	± (2.5%+5)
2uF	1nF	± (2.5%+8)
20uF	10nF	± (3%+8)
2mF	1uF	± (5%+10)

6) OHM

OT HIVE		
Range	Resolution	Accurate
200Ω	0.1Ω	± (1.5%+5)
2ΚΩ	1Ω	± (1.0%+4)
20ΚΩ	10Ω	± (1.0%+4)
200ΚΩ	100Ω	± (1.0%+4)
2ΜΩ	1ΚΩ	± (1.0%+4)
20ΜΩ	10ΚΩ	± (1.3%+4)
200ΜΩ	100ΚΩ	± (4.0%+10)

7) frequency (DT9208 only)

Range	Resolution	Accurate
200mV	0.1mV	± (1.2%+5)

8) TEMPERATURE (DT9208A only)

Range	Accuracy	
	07A	A80
-40℃ ~ 400℃	± (1.0%±4d)	
400°C ~ 1000°C	± (1.5%±15d)	

9)

DIODE MEASUREMENT ->	V
AUDIBLE CONTINUITY TEST •)))	√
Transistor measurement HEF	V

3. METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A Warning

Dangerous voltages may be present at the input terminals and may not be displayed.

3.1 DCV & ACV MASUREMENT

- 1) Set the Function range switch at the required position.
- 2) Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "VΩ" input terminal.
- 3) Connect test leads to measuring point and read the display value the polarity of the red lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the voltage.

Note:

- a) If the voltage to be tested is unknown beforehand, set the Function range switch to the highest range and work down.
- b) When only the figure "1" is displayed over range is being indicated and the function range switch has be set to a higher range.
- c) Never try to measure the voltage above 1000V! Although the indication is possible to show, there is a danger of damaging the internal circuitry.

3.2 DCA & ACA MEASUREMENT

- 1) Connect the black test lead to the "COM" terminal and the red test lead to "mA" terminal for a maximum of 0.2A
- 2) Set the function range switch at the required position.
- Connect test leads to measuring points and read the display value. The polarity at the red test lead connection will be indicated at the same time as the current.

Note:

- a) If the current range is unknown beforehand, set the function range switch to the highest range and work down.
- b) When only the figure "1" is displayed, over range is being indicated and the function range switch should be set to a higher range.
- Excessive current will below the fuse that must be replaced when the input is from "A" terminal. Fuse type is 0.2A
- d) The 10A range is not protected by a fuse, maximum 10A continuous, maximum 10A measuring time must be less than 15 seconds.

3.3 RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

A Warning

To avoid electrical shock or damage to the Meter when measuring resistance or continuity in a circuit, make sure the power to the circuit is turned off and all capacitors are discharged.

- Connect black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to the "VΩ" input terminal.
- 2) Set the function range switch to the Ω range.
- Connect the test leads across the resistance under measurement and read the display value.

Note:

- a) The polarity of the red test lead is "+".
- b) When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed for the over range condition.
- c) If the resistance value being measured exceeds the maximum value of the range selected, an over range indication "1" will be displayed and function range switch should be set to a higher range.
- d) $200M\Omega$ range has a 10 digits $(1M\Omega)$ constant, the figure will appear in short circuit status it should be subtracted from measurement result, for instance: when measuring $100M\Omega$ resistor, figure 101.0 will be shown in display and the last 10 digits should be subtracted.

3.4 CAPACITANCE MEASUREMENT

Marning

To avoid damage to the Meter, disconnect circuit power and

discharge all high-voltage capacitors before measuring capacitance

- Set the function range switch at the "F" position. Before connecting the capacitor, the display could be zeroed automatically slows.
- Connect the test capacitor to the "-I+" and "COM" input terminals and read the display value.

Note: The tested capacitor should be discharged before the testing procedure. Never apply

3.5 DIODE & CONTINUITY TEST

- 1) Set the function range switch at the "-> 0" position.
- Connect the black test lead to "COM" terminal and red test lead to "VΩ" input terminal; (Note: the polarity of the red test lead is "+").
- This range with "AUDIBLE CONTINUITY TEST" function. Built-in buzzer sounds if the resistance between two probes is less than 30±10Ω.
- 4) Connect the test leads across the diode and read the display value.

Note:

- a) When the input is not connected, i.e. at open circuit, the figure "1" will be displayed.
- Test condition: Forward DC current approx.1mA. Reversed DC voltage approx. 2.8V.
- c) The meter displays the forward voltage drop and displays figure "1" for overload when the diode is reversed.

3.6 TRANSISTOR HEE TEST

-) Set the function range switch to the "hFE" position.
- Make sure the transistor is "NPN" or "PNP" type.
- Transistor correctly insert in E.B.C connector.
- 4) Display reading is approx. transistor hFE value.

Note:

Test condition: Base current approx. 10uA. Vc∈ approx.2.8V

3.7 FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT (9208 only)

- 1) Set the function range switch at the required "Hz" position.
- 2) Connect test leads to measuring points and read the display value.

Note: Do not apply more than 250V rms to the input. Indication is possible a voltage higher than 100V rms, but reading maybe out of specification.

3.8 TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT (9208 only)

- 1) Set the function range switch at the "TEMP" position.
- 2) Plug the thermocouple into the meter's mAT and COM terminals, insuring the thermocouple red plug is inserted into the mAT terminal on the meter.
- 3) The working end (testing end) on or inside the object being tested.
- 4) The value of the temperature is shown on the display in degrees centigrade (°C).
 - a) The testing temperature is displayed automatically when the thermocouple is put into the testing terminals.
 - b) The surrounding temperature is shown when the circuit of the sensor is cut off.
 - c) The limit temperature measured by the thermocouple given together with the instrument is 250°C, 300°C is acceptable within short period.

4. LCD DISPLAY PANEL ANGLE SELECTION

LCD display panel is locked in lie down position in normal operating condition and storage, when the usage needs to change the display panel angle, push down the button which is above the top case, the display panel locking will be released. The display panel can be rotated to the best angle.

5. MAINTENANCE

Beyond replacing batteries and fuses, do not attempt to repair or service your Meter unless you are qualified to do so and have the relevant calibration, performance test, and service instructions. The recommended calibration cycle is 12 months.

Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents. Dirt or moisture in the terminals can affect readings.

To clean the terminals

- a) Push the Meter OFF and remove the test leads.
- b) Shake out any dirt that may be in the terminals.
- c) Soak a new swab with isopropyl alcohol and work around the inside of each input terminal. Use a new swab to apply a light coat of fine machine oil to the inside of each terminal.

6. BATTERY AND FUSE REPLACEMENT

1) Battery and fuse replacement should only be done after the test leads have been